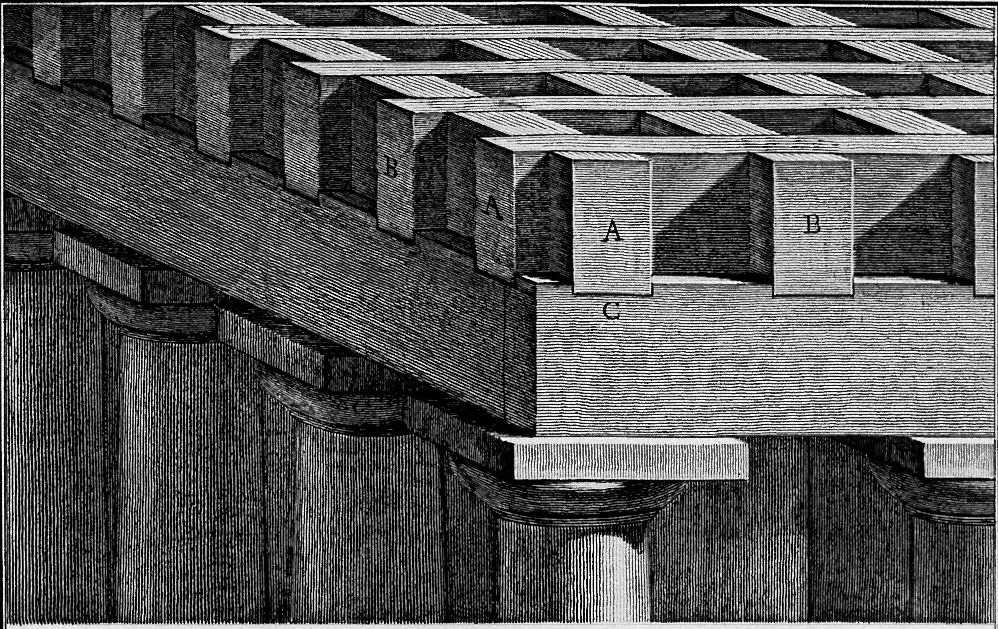
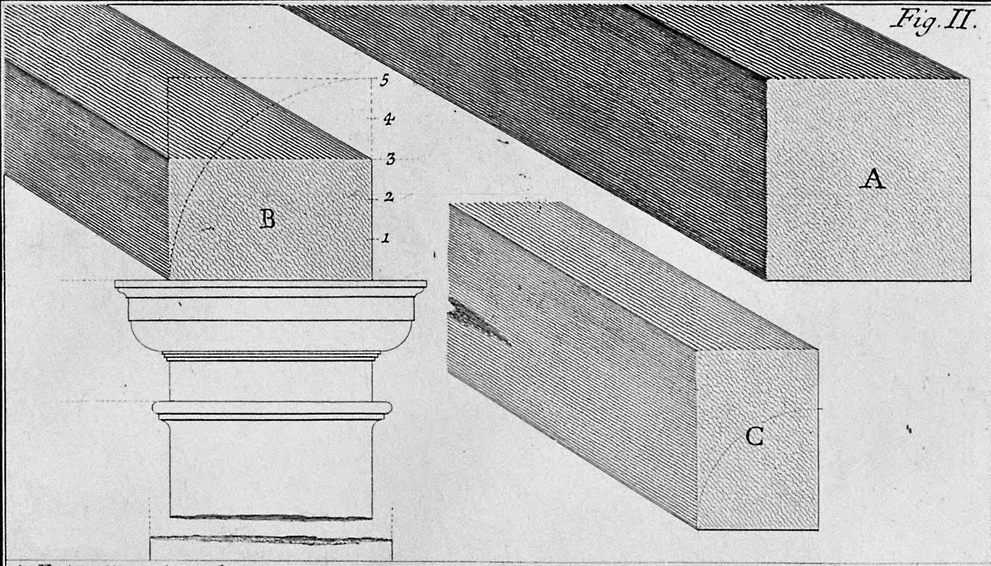
Fig. I.



A Tigna protensa super media epistylia. B Praecisiones tignorum quaqua versus extrinsecus apparentium. C Opae extremitates tignorum continentes.

Fig. II.



A Epistylium altum latumque quanta est diametros summae columnae. B Epistylium Vitruvianum, latum quanta est diametros summae columnae, et in altitudine duabus ex quinque latitudinis partibus imminutum. C Tignum latum unius moduli mensura; altum modulo et dimidio

Piranesi F.

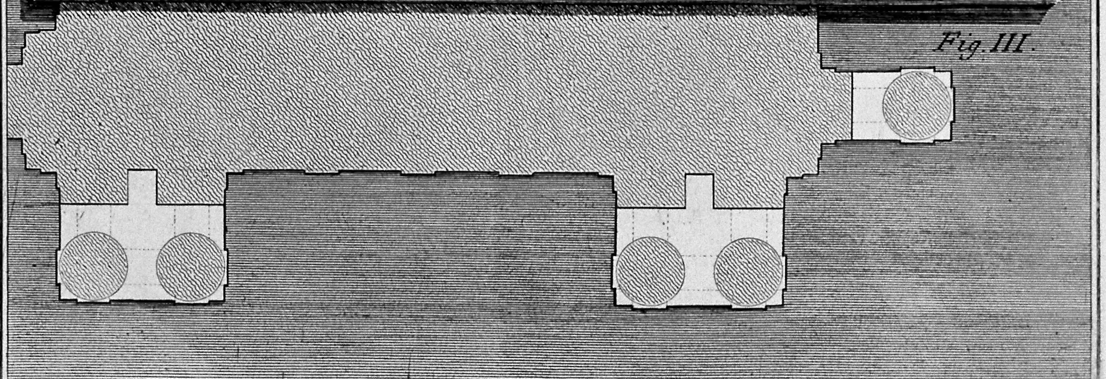



Fig. III.